

COAST SOUTH OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Northward along the Coast from San Luis Obispo.

Coast and Geodetic Survey Charts 5386, 5476, 5491, 5498, 5300, 5400, 5500, and 5000.

Name of station or locality of aid.	Color of aid.	Number, if a buoy.	Description of mark or aid.	Compass bearings and distances of prominent objects from the aid.	Depth at low-est tides, in ft.	GENERAL REMARKS. (NOTE.—Bearings and courses are magnetic, and distances expressed in nautical miles.)								
Westdahl Rock...	Black	1	1st-class can buoy	Whaler Island, NE. $\frac{1}{2}$ E. Pecho Rock, NW. $\frac{5}{8}$ W.	108	About 600 feet SW. of Westdahl Rock. Must be left on port side going S. and on starboard side going N.								
Off Point Buchon Whistling Buoy.	Red, marked "Pt. B." in white.	Nun-shaped body, surmounted by a whistle.	Moro Rock, N. $\frac{1}{4}$ E. Point Buchon, ESE. $\frac{1}{2}$ E., 1 mile. Lion Rock just open with land to southward of point, SE. by E.	96	The whistle is sounded by the action of the sea, giving from 20 to 30 blasts a minute. (Pilots and masters of vessels are requested to notify the Light-House Inspector if this buoy should drift from its position, or not work satisfactorily.)								
Mouse Rock Bell Buoy.	Black, marked "M. R." in white.	Nun-shaped, lattice-work body, surmounted by a bell.	Whale Rock, E. $\frac{1}{2}$ N. Center of El Morro, SE. $\frac{1}{2}$ S. Point Estero, W. $\frac{1}{2}$ N. Mouse Rock, NW., 240 feet. Outer end Cayucos Wharf, N. $\frac{1}{2}$ W.	39	Marks Mouse Rock, entrance to Cayucos Landing. After passing this buoy bring end of wharf in range with bunch of trees back, and steer between spar buoys 1 and 2. (Pilots and masters of vessels are requested to notify the Light-House Inspector if this buoy should drift from its position or not work satisfactorily.)								
Cayucos Landing	Black	1	1st-class spar buoy	End Cayucos Wharf, N. Whalers Island, ESE. $\frac{3}{4}$ E. Black Rock, WSW. $\frac{3}{4}$ W.	25	Marks the eastern end of a rocky ledge.								
Cayucos Landing	Red	2	1st-class spar buoy	Whaler Island, ESE. $\frac{3}{4}$ E. Black Rock, W. $\frac{1}{2}$ S. End Cayucos Wharf, NNW. $\frac{1}{4}$ mile.	30	Marks western edge of Metcalf Ledge. Vessels going out to eastward of Metcalf Ledge should give this buoy a berth of 600 feet. A small spar buoy 450 feet ESE. $\frac{1}{2}$ E. from this buoy is maintained by steamship company, and marks eastern end Metcalf Ledge. There is about 9 feet water near eastern end of the ledge.								
Estero Bay, Constantine Rock.	Black, marked "C. Rk." in white.	1st-class can buoy	End Cayucos Wharf, NE. $\frac{3}{4}$ E. Estero Point, W. $\frac{3}{4}$ N.	39	Placed 600 feet S. of Constantine Rock. Do not pass to northward of this buoy.								
Von Helms Rock..	Red, marked "V. H." in white.	1st-class nun buoy	White Rock, E. $\frac{3}{4}$ N. Cambria Rock, NNW.	120	Placed 450 feet SW. by W. $\frac{1}{2}$ W. from Von Helms Rock, which has about 15 feet of water over it at low water. Vessels should not pass inside this buoy.								
PIEDRAS BLANCAS LIGHT-STATION.	White; dome of lantern, gallery, and balustrade, black.	Conical tower, 90 feet high, dwelling, 50 feet in rear, white; out-houses and fences, white.	Estero Point, SE. by E. $\frac{1}{2}$ E., 18 miles. Cape San Martin, NW. $\frac{5}{8}$ W., 17 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles.	First-order light, fixed white, varied by a white flash every 15 seconds, visible 19 $\frac{3}{4}$ miles. On the point NW. of the entrance to San Simeon Bay. The tower is behind the rock known as Piedra Blanca. This rock casts a shadow into the sea a distance of 450 feet in length and 45 feet in width.								
Off Piedras Blancas Whistling Buoy.	Red, marked "P. B." in white.	Nun-shaped body, surmounted by a whistle.	Piedras Blancas Light-House, NE. by E. $\frac{1}{2}$ E. Point San Simeon, E. $\frac{1}{4}$ S. La Cruz Rock, NNW. $\frac{3}{8}$ W.	90	Three-fourths of a mile SW. by W. $\frac{1}{2}$ W. from Piedras Blancas Light-House. The light-house just open to the northward of the highest point of the "Rock." Vessels should not pass inside this buoy. The whistle is sounded by the action of the sea, and gives from 20 to 30 blasts a minute. (Pilots and masters of vessels are requested to notify the Light-House Inspector if this buoy should drift from its position, or not work satisfactorily.)								
POINT SUR LIGHT-STATION.	Gray stone tower; lantern, black.	Gray stone tower and oil house; also fog-signal house on the NW. end of Point Sur, 250 feet above sea level. Keeper's dwelling, 2 $\frac{1}{4}$ stories, of gray stone, red roof, 1,000 feet easterly.	Piedras Blancas Light-House, SE. $\frac{3}{4}$ E., 48 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles. Point Cypress, NNW. $\frac{5}{8}$ W., 16 $\frac{3}{4}$ miles.	First-order light, flashing alternately red and white; interval between flashes, 15 seconds, visible 23 $\frac{3}{4}$ miles. The fog signal is a 12-inch steam whistle, giving blasts of 5 seconds, with silent intervals of 35 seconds— Thus: <table border="0" style="display: inline-table; vertical-align: middle;"> <tr> <td>Blast</td> <td>Silent interval</td> <td>Blast</td> <td>Silent interval</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5 sec.</td> <td>35 sec.</td> <td>5 sec.</td> <td>35 sec.</td> </tr> </table>	Blast	Silent interval	Blast	Silent interval	5 sec.	35 sec.	5 sec.	35 sec.
Blast	Silent interval	Blast	Silent interval											
5 sec.	35 sec.	5 sec.	35 sec.											